

Course Title: Applied Organic Chemistry

Course Code: 438 CHEM3

Program: Bachelor in Chemistry

Department: **Chemistry**

College: College of Science

Institution: Jazan University (JU)

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Table of Contents:

Content	Page
A. General information about the course:	3
1. Teaching mode (mark all that apply)	4
2. Contact Hours (based on the academic semester)	4
B. Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs), Teaching Strategies and Assessm	
C. Course Content	
D. Students Assessment Activities	6
E. Learning Resources and Facilities	6
1. References and Learning Resources	6
2. Required Facilities and equipment	6
F. Assessment of Course Quality	7
G. Specification Approval Data	7
H. Attachments	8
1- Practical Work	8





A. General information about the course:

Со	Course Identification					
1.	Credit hours:	3h				
2. (2. Course type					
a.	University □	College □	Dep	oartment⊠	Track□	Others□
b.	Required ⊠	Elective□				
3. Level/year at which this course is			S	Level 12		
	offered:			Year 4		

4. Course general Description

Course Title	Course Number	Contact Hours (CH)		Credit unit (CU)	Year	Level	Pre- requisite
		Lec.	Prac.				
Applied Organic Chemistry	CHEM 438	2	2	3	4	12	232 CHEM3

The main purpose of Applied organic chemistry course is giving the students basic information about the petroleum, Petrochemicals, Polymers, and Dyes with their classifications, applications and their uses.

Course objectives: They are to identify the following.

- ♣ Discuss the occurrence, extraction, properties of petroleum and application of fractional distillation, catalytic cracking and catalytic reforming during petroleum processing.
- → Describe using equations and flow diagrams, the manufacture of some petrochemicals, namely, ethylene, propylene, synthetic gas, benzene and inorganic petrochemicals.
- identify polymers, their physical properties and different kinds of addition polymerization
- Identify the characteristics of some common polymers and the industrial importance of polymers and their uses in various fields.
- Identify the types of pigments and paints.
- Discuss the classification, synthesis and uses of dyes.

Syllabus: A-Theoretical contents

The course is designed to give the students an idea about the polymer science – definition, classification of polymers, and polymerization by addition (chain reaction) – ionic polymerization (anionic and cationic) – free radical polymerization –polymerization by condensation– (linear polymerization– cross section polymerization). Introduce an idea about petroleum, Petrochemicals and industrial applications of organic chemistry, such as organic polymers and their uses in various fields and the manufacture of dyes and paints.

Syllabus: B-Practical contents

Basic knowledge concerning general Safety Rules, Lab Equipment, Purification of Organic Compounds, synthesis of some polymers, soap, cream, some dyes and examine their properties and their applications.





- 5. Pre-requirements for this course (if any): 232CHEM3
- 6. Co- requirements for this course (if any): None

7. Course Main Objective(s)

The main purpose of Applied organic chemistry course is giving the students basic information about the petroleum, Petrochemicals, Polymers, and Dyes with their classifications, applications and their uses.

1. Teaching mode (mark all that apply)

No	Mode of Instruction	Contact Hours	Percentage
1.	Traditional classroom	22	100
2.	E-learning		
	Hybrid		
3.	Traditional classroomE-learning		
4.	Distance learning		

2. Contact Hours (based on the academic semester)

No	Activity	Contact Hours
1.	Lectures	22
2.	Laboratory/Studio	22
3.	Field	
4.	Tutorial	
5.	Others (specify)	
	Total	44

B. Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs), Teaching Strategies and Assessment Methods

Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Code of CLOs aligned with program	Teaching Strategies	Assessme nt Methods
1.0	Knowledge and understanding; (Up able to)	oon completi	on of the course, student	will be
1.1	Demonstrate a broad knowledge and understanding of industrial chemistry, petroleum, petrochemicals, polymer, and dyes. (P)	K (1.1)	lecture/ discussion Seminars/presentation	Objective question



Code	Course Learning Outcomes	Code of CLOs aligned with program	Teaching Strategies	Assessme nt Methods
1.2	Describe the uses and applications of petrochemicals, polymers, and dyes in our life. (P)	K (1.2)	lecture / discussion / Seminars /Individual presentation	Essay question
2.0	Skills; (Upon completion of the cou	rse, student	will be able to)	
2.1	Demonstrate ability in critical thinking, analyzing reaction mechanisms and classifying industrial compounds. (P)	S (2.1)	lecture / discussion / Seminars /Individual presentation	Solving Problems & Essay question
2.2	Apply their experimental basics and skills to use laboratory equipment, modern instructions, and classical techniques for carrying out experiments in polymers, dyes and petroleum and write a report representing the scientific data. (P)	S (2.2)	Lab work, group work	Objective question, Essay question, lab report rubric
2.3	Examine and follow proper procedures and regulations for safe handling, use, and disposal of chemicals. (P)	S (2.3)	lab demonstrations / hands-on student learning activities	Safety exam
3.0	Values, autonomy, and responsibil be able to	ity; (Upon co	empletion of the course, s	tudent will
3.1	Working as a group leader in cooperation with other colleagues. (P)	V (3.1)	lab demonstrations / whole group and small group discussion	Practical group work Rubric

C. Course Content

No	List of Topics	Contact Hours
1.	Definitions, origin, and composition of crude oil.	2
2.	Characterization and classification of crude oil.	2
3.	Basic petroleum refining.	2
4.	Petrochemicals, classifications, uses and applications.	2
5.	Definition, Properties, and classifications of Polymers.	2
6.	Addition Polymerization.	2
7.	Condensation Polymerization.	2
8.	Application of industrial polymers.	2
9.	Introduction and Classifications of Dyes.	2
10.	Preparation, uses, and applications of dyes.	2
11.	Paints, types, constitutions and applications.	2



12.	selected experiments covered the course topics, Polymer synthesis, synthesis of some dyes, Soap manufactureetc	22
	Total	

D. Students Assessment Activities

No	Assessment Activities *	Assessment timing (in week no)	Percentage of Total Assessment Score
1.	Homework assignment	3-10	4%
2.	Lecture Quizzes	4	1%
3.	Mid-term exam	<i>6-8</i>	15%
4.	LAB Sheet	10	5%
5.	Quiz in Safety	11	4%
6.	Final practical exam	11	6%
7.	Lab report	2-10	10%
8.	Group work evaluation	2-10	5%
9.	Final Exam	12-13	50%
	Total		100 %

^{*}Assessment Activities (i.e., Written test, oral test, oral presentation, group project, essay, etc.)

E. Learning Resources and Facilities

1. References and Learning Resources

Essential References	Industrial Organic Chemicals by Harold A. Wittcoff, Bryan G. Reuben and Jeffery S. Plotkin, 2012 ISBN: 0470537434
Supportive References	كتاب الصناعات البترولية والبتروكيماوية تأليف أ. د سالم بن سليم الذياب كيمياء و تقنية البوليمرات بواسطة أ. د. سالم سليم الذياب
Electronic Materials	 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chemical_industry http://www.rsc.org/learn-chemistry https://www.khanacademy.org/science/organic-chemistry https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/virttxtjml/intro1.htm https://chem.libretexts.org/
Other Learning Materials	None

2. Required Facilities and equipment

Items	Resources
facilities (Classrooms, laboratories, exhibition rooms, simulation rooms, etc.)	 1 Lecture room(s) for groups of 50 students 1 Laboratory for a group of 25 student





Items	Resources			
Technology equipment (Projector, smart board, software)	Smart board, Data show, Black board, internet			
Other equipment (Depending on the nature of the specialty)	Bunsen burner, reagent bottles, beakers, Buchner funnel, Test tube and many more. Scientific videos			

F. Assessment of Course Quality

Assessment Areas/Issues	Assessor	Assessment Methods		
Effectiveness of teaching	Student	Likert-type Survey CES) Indirect		
Effectiveness of student's assessment	Instructor & Course coordinator	Classroom evaluation (direct & indirect		
Quality of learning resources	Program coordinator	Indirect		
The extent to which CLOs have been achieved	Assessment committee	Indirect		
Other				

Assessor (Students, Faculty, Program Leaders, Peer Reviewer, Others (specify)
Assessment Methods (Direct, Indirect)

G. Specification Approval Data

COUNCIL /COMMITTEE	Chemistry Department Council CHEMS2301
REFERENCE NO.	CHEMS230104
DATE	11/1/2023G – 18/06/1444H





H. Attachments

1- Practical Work

While specific laboratory experiments vary depending on the instructor and the semester, the following list is representative of the experiments that are used:

Week	EXP, titles Chemicals and tools			
1		Glacial acetic acid, 40% formaldehyde	None	
	Phenol formaldehyde resin	solution, Phenol, conc. HCl.		
	Prienoi formaldenyde resin	Glass rod, beakers, funnel, heater and		
		filter paper, analytical balance, FTIR.		
2		Urea, Formaldehyde, 35-40 % neutral	None	
		solution, Oxalic acid, saturated solution.		
		Concentrated ammonia solution		
	Urea- Formaldehyde Resins	Conc. HCl.		
		Flame, Beakers, Test Tubes, Filter		
		papers, Funnels, filtration system,		
		analytical balance		
3		Fat, Oil, Fatty acids, Standard N/2 HCl,	None	
	Determination of Saponification	Alc. KOH and phenolphthalein.		
	Value	Round bottom flask, burette, pipette,		
	- 3.3.3	water condenser, water bath, analytical		
		balance.		
4		Aniline hydrochloride, Aniline sulfate,	None	
	DETERMINATION OF PURITY	Standard 0.1N HCl, and		
	ANILINE SALTS	phenolphthalein.		
		burette, pipette, conical flasks and		
		dropper, analytical balance	None	
5	Baranata di Salara da Calara d	Barium hydroxide solution 0.05N,	None	
	Determination of the Equivalent	phenolphthalein, carboxylic acids		
	Weight of a Carboxylic Acid	Burette, pipette, conical flasks and		
6		dropper, analytical balance 4-Nitroaniline,2-naphthol, HCl, Sodium	None	
0		Nitrite, Sodium Hydroxide	None	
	Preparation of para-Red and	Beakers, Dropper, Magnetic stirrer,		
	Dyeing	Thermometer, Ice-Bath, Filtration		
	2,08	system, Ethanol, Fibers sample,		
		analytical balance, FTIR		
7		Oil, Fat, Sodium hydroxide, Sodium	None	
		Chloride, Ethanol.		
	Preparation of Soap	Water-bath, thermometer, magnetic		
		stirrer, filtration system, Round-		
		bottomed flask, analytical balance		



8		Oil, Fat, Potassium hydroxide, Sodium	None
	Synthesis of Biodiesel and	Chloride, Calcium chloride anhydrous,	
	studying its properties	Acetic acid.	
		Water-bath, Separating funnel, Conical	
		flask, analytical balance	
9		oils, fats, Borax, Mineral oil, water and	None
		waxes.	
	Creams	Beakers, Water-bath, magnetic stirrer,	
		Thermometer, Filter papers, analytical	
		balance	
10		phthalic anhydride	None
		anhydrous sodium acetate	Í
		ethylene glycol	ı
		glycerol	Í
		analytical balance	Í
		2 large test tubes (20- x 150-mm)	Í
		1-mL graduated pipette	Í
	Preparation of glyptal resin.	Bunsen burner	Í
		ring stand	Í
		2 utility clamps (not rubber coated	Í
		clamps) FTIR	ı
		(optional) melting point apparatus	l
		(optional) small test tubes or spot plate	ı
		(optional) assorted solvents such as	1
		water, alcohol, acetone,	İ
11	Presentation/Report rubric		
	/Assessment	Theoretical	ı



2- Blue Print

Course Name	Organic Applied Chemistry
Course Code	438 Chem -3

PLOs	K1	К2	S1	S2	S3	S4	V1	V2
CLOs	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	3.1	3.2
Marks	10	18	42	20	4		6	

Learning Domain	PLOs	CLOs	Assessment Type	Assessment Tool	No of Questions	Marks of the Assessment	Weight of the Assessment
Knowledge & understanding	K1	1.1 (10 M)	Quiz	Objective question	5 5	10	1
			Mid term	Objective question	4 2	2 1	2
			Final Exam	Objective question	7	7	7
	K2	1.2	HW	Essay question	10	10	2
		(18 M)	Mid term	Essay question	3	3	3
			Final Exam	Essay question	4	13	13
Skills	S1	2.1	HW	Essay question	4	2	2
		(42 M)	Mid term	Essay question	4	10	10
			Final Exam	Essay question	6	30	30
	S2	2.2 (20 M)	Practical Sheet	Objective question	10	5	5
			Lab Report	10 experiments	10	10	10
			Final Lab Exam	1 task experiment	1	5	5
	S3	2.3 (4 M)	Safety EXAM	Objective question	8	4	4
Value	V1	3.1 (6 M)	Continuous assessment	Group evaluation rubric		6	6
Total		100				100	100 %



